

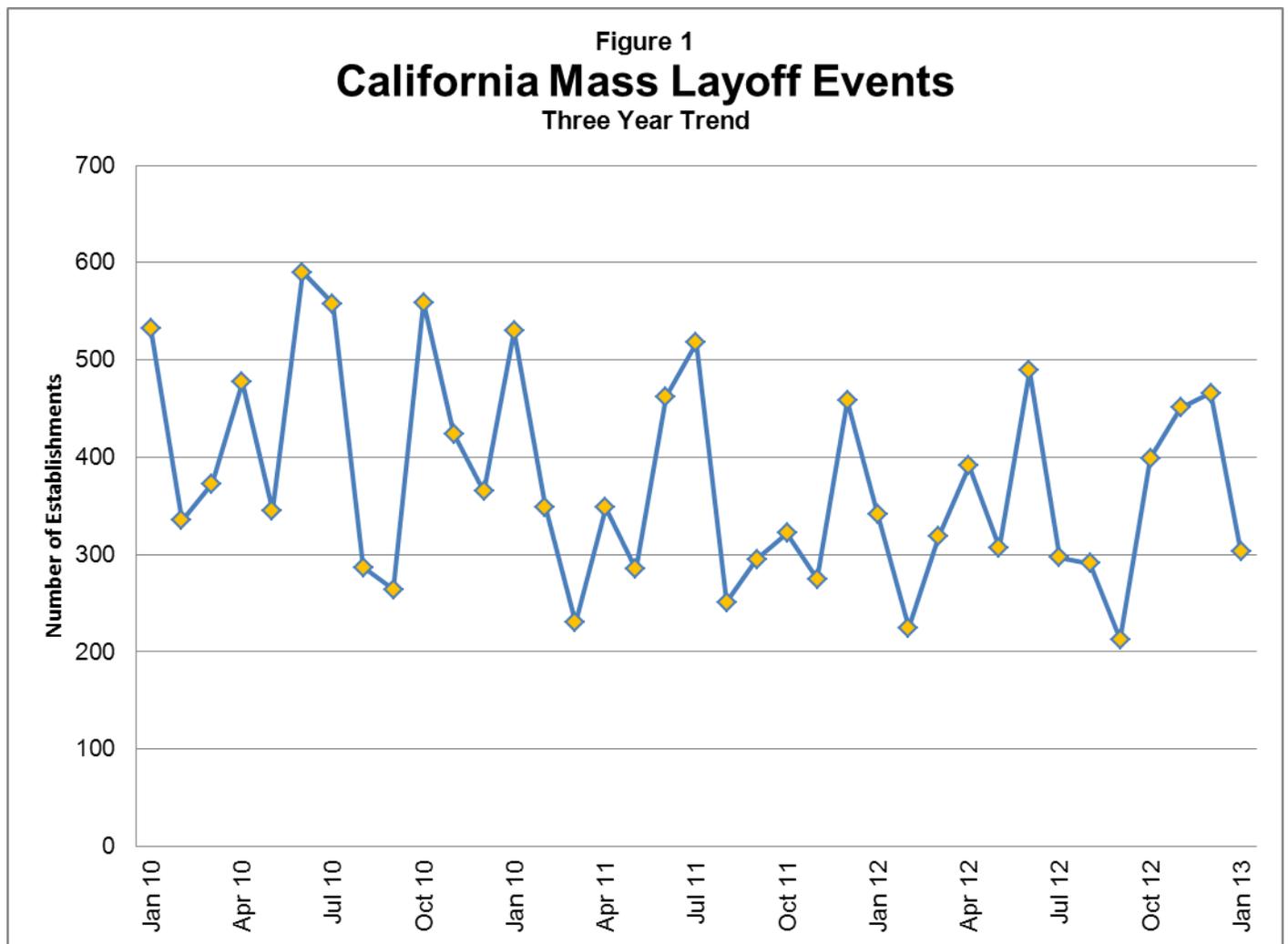
Mass Layoff Statistics Data

January 2013

The **Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS)** Program operates through a cooperative agreement with the Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) to identify and describe the impact of major permanent job cutbacks. The MLS program collects reports on mass layoff actions that result in workers being separated from their jobs.

Mass Layoff Events

Mass Layoff Event data are from establishments which have at least 35 initial claims for unemployment insurance (UI) filed against them during a 5-week period. Extended Mass Layoff data are from a subset of such establishments—where private sector nonfarm employers indicate that 50 or more workers were separated from their jobs for at least 31 days.



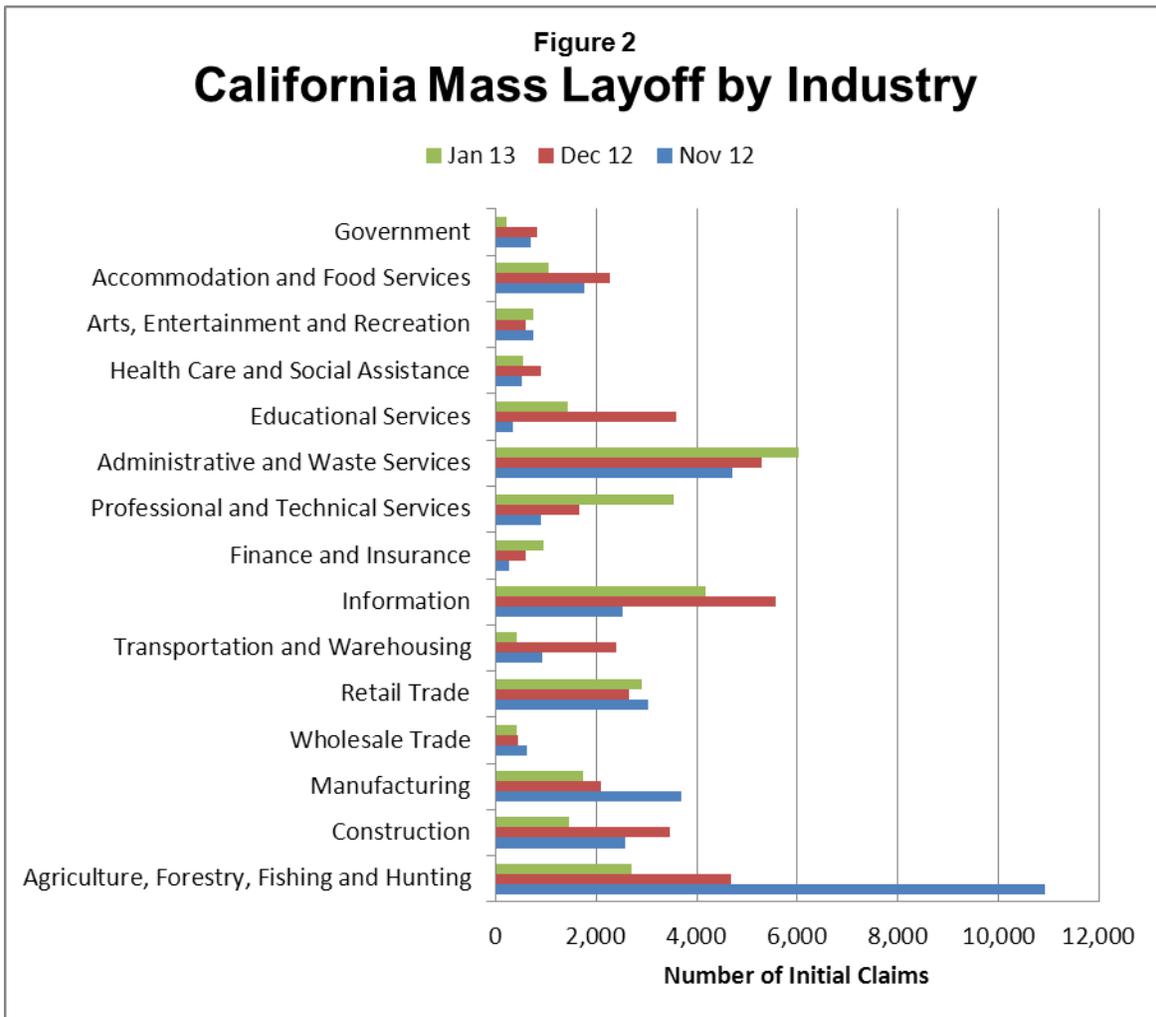
Data Source: EDD, Labor Market Information Division, Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) Program

January 2013 Events

California employers took 303 mass layoff events that resulted in the separation of 29,088 workers, as measured by new filings for unemployment insurance benefits during January 2013. Each event involved at least 35 persons from a single employer. Month-over, California employers took 163 fewer mass layoff events than in December 2012 (466 events) and 8,867 fewer separations (37,955).

Over the year, California employers had 39 fewer mass layoff actions than in January 2012 (342 events) and 5,301 more separations (23,787).

'All Initial Claims' resulted in the separation of 250,532 workers as measured by new filings for unemployment insurance benefits during the month. Over the year, California's 'All Initial Claims' had 12,702 fewer actions than in January 2012 (263,234).



Data Source: EDD, Labor Market Information Division, Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) Program

Analysis

The most notable industry job losses in January 2013 were:

- The administrative and waste services industry with 49 mass layoff events resulting in 6,031 initial claims;
- The information industry with 21 mass layoff events resulting in 4,170 initial claims;
- The professional and technical services industry with 20 mass layoff events resulting in 3,546 initial claims;
- The retail trade industry with 29 mass layoff events resulting in 2,898 initial claims;
- The agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting industry with 36 mass layoff events resulting in 2,707 initial claims; and
- The manufacturing industry with 24 mass layoff events resulting in 1,735 initial claims.

Mass Layoff Statistics Monthly Report, Table 1 Monthly Change-Over Data by Industry, January 2013 Data Not Seasonally Adjusted													
January 2013		Potential Events				Potential Event Initial Claims				All Initial Claims			
		Potential Events		Month-over Change		Initial Claims		Month-over Change		All Initial Claims		Month-over Change	
Industry		Dec 2012	Jan 2013	Number	Percent	Dec 2012	Jan 2013	Number	Percent	Dec 2012	Jan 2013	Number	Percent
California Total	NAICS	466	303	-163	-54%	37,955	29,088	-8,867	-30%	328,892	250,532	-78,360	-31%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11	77	36	-41	-114%	4,680	2,707	-1,973	-73%	35,366	22,703	-12,663	-56%
Construction	23	55	29	-26	-90%	3,479	1,469	-2,010	-137%	44,619	33,389	-11,230	-34%
Manufacturing	31-33	30	24	-6	-25%	2,094	1,735	-359	-21%	21,036	15,895	-5,141	-32%
Wholesale Trade	42-43	4	8	4	50%	439	424	-15	-4%	9,244	7,167	-2,077	-29%
Retail Trade	44-45	31	29	-2	-7%	2,661	2,898	237	8%	21,400	18,486	-2,914	-16%
Transportation and Warehousing	48-49	18	7	-11	-157%	2,409	430	-1,979	-460%	11,087	8,366	-2,721	-33%
Information	51	28	21	-7	-33%	5,584	4,170	-1,414	-34%	29,955	23,600	-6,355	-27%
Finance and Insurance	52	10	9	-1	-11%	608	953	345	36%	7,407	5,999	-1,408	-23%
Professional and Technical Services	54	24	20	-4	-20%	1,677	3,546	1,869	53%	21,232	16,486	-4,746	-29%
Administrative and Waste Services	56	60	49	-11	-22%	5,292	6,031	739	12%	38,590	29,649	-8,941	-30%
Educational Services	61	51	16	-35	-219%	3,595	1,432	-2,163	-151%	13,978	8,695	-5,283	-61%
Health Care and Social Assistance	62	14	8	-6	-75%	915	545	-370	-68%	14,971	11,521	-3,450	-30%
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	71	10	11	1	9%	607	756	149	20%	7,198	5,559	-1,639	-29%
Accommodation and Food Services	72	30	19	-11	-58%	2,278	1,058	-1,220	-115%	20,079	15,438	-4,641	-30%
Government	92	12	5	-7	-140%	837	213	-624	-293%	4,045	3,509	-536	-15%
Ownership Not Identified	99	....	9	.....	.....	....	559	....	....	12,884	11,823	-1,061	-9%

MLS Notes:

- 1) The Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) program collects reports on mass layoff actions that result in workers being separated from their jobs.
- 2) Claims are defined as initial unemployment claims.
- 3) Industries may not add to total; some industries are not published due to confidentiality.
- 4) The MLS program began collecting all claims in 2007.
- 5) Data Source: EDD, Labor Market Information Division, Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) Program

The counties with the most job losses in January 2013 were:

- Los Angeles resulting in 65,829 initial claims;
- San Diego resulting in 16,136 initial claims;
- San Bernardino resulting in 14,490 initial claims;
- Riverside resulting in 13,315 initial claims;
- Orange resulting in 12,720 initial claims; and
- Fresno resulting in 9,938 initial claims.

Mass Layoff Statistics Monthly Report, Table 2
Monthly Unemployment Claims Data for Counties, January 2013
Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

AREA	YEAR AGO	MONTH AGO	CURRENT	MONTH-OVER CHANGE		YEAR-OVER CHANGE		RANK BY
	Jan 12	Dec 12	Jan 13	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	All Initial Claims
STATE TOTAL	263,234	328,892	250,532	-78,360	-31%	-12,702	-5%	Jan 13
ALAMEDA	9,005	10,922	8,376	-2,546	0	-629	0	7
ALPINE	10	5	2	-3	-2	-8	-4	58
AMADOR	242	299	249	-50	0	7	0	48
BUTTE	1,579	2,357	1,611	-746	0	32	0	28
CALAVERAS	364	450	367	-83	0	3	0	46
COLUSA	419	793	494	-299	-61%	75	15%	41
CONTRA COSTA	5,860	7,442	5,483	-1,959	-36%	-377	-7%	13
DEL NORTE	206	231	172	-59	-34%	-34	-20%	51
EL DORADO	1,265	1,411	993	-418	-42%	-272	-27%	33
FRESNO	9,106	11,780	9,938	-1,842	-19%	832	8%	6
GLENN	347	548	289	-259	-90%	-58	-20%	47
HUMBOLDT	995	1,184	968	-216	-22%	-27	-3%	34
IMPERIAL	2,161	2,445	2,173	-272	-13%	12	1%	24
INYO	126	117	117	0	0%	-9	-8%	53
KERN	6,366	11,807	7,810	-3,997	-51%	1,444	18%	10
KINGS	1,263	1,935	1,652	-283	-17%	389	24%	27
LAKE	492	609	468	-141	-30%	-24	-5%	43
LASSEN	235	262	172	-90	-52%	-63	-37%	52
LOS ANGELES	70,729	85,157	65,829	-19,328	-29%	-4,900	-7%	1
MADERA	1,175	1,849	1,227	-622	-51%	52	4%	31
MARIN	1,081	1,087	865	-222	-26%	-216	-25%	36
MARIPOSA	212	238	193	-45	-23%	-19	-10%	50
MENDOCINO	656	718	555	-163	-29%	-101	-18%	39
MERCED	2,887	4,119	3,328	-791	-24%	441	13%	18
MODOC	81	91	65	-26	-40%	-16	-25%	56
MONO	182	191	109	-82	-75%	-73	-67%	54
MONTEREY	4,208	8,304	4,867	-3,437	-71%	659	14%	17
NAPA	1,025	1,458	905	-553	-61%	-120	-13%	35
NEVADA	600	662	481	-181	-38%	-119	-25%	42
ORANGE	14,247	15,988	12,720	-3,268	-26%	-1,527	-12%	5
PLACER	2,168	2,399	1,749	-650	-37%	-419	-24%	26
PLUMAS	231	255	224	-31	-14%	-7	-3%	49
RIVERSIDE	14,856	16,616	13,315	-3,301	-25%	-1,541	-12%	4
SACRAMENTO	8,965	10,907	8,092	-2,815	-35%	-873	-11%	8
SAN BENITO	684	801	584	-217	-37%	-100	-17%	38
SAN BERNARDINO	14,741	17,905	14,490	-3,415	-24%	-251	-2%	3
SAN DIEGO	18,699	20,433	16,136	-4,297	-27%	-2,563	-16%	2
SAN FRANCISCO	5,149	6,511	4,989	-1,522	-31%	-160	-3%	15
SAN JOAQUIN	6,082	8,343	6,416	-1,927	-30%	334	5%	11
SAN LUIS OBISPO	1,414	1,735	1,239	-496	-40%	-175	-14%	30
SAN MATEO	3,554	3,951	3,022	-929	-31%	-532	-18%	20
SANTA BARBARA	2,327	3,697	2,235	-1,462	-65%	-92	-4%	23
SANTA CLARA	8,652	9,980	7,965	-2,015	-25%	-687	-9%	9
SANTA CRUZ	2,380	3,307	2,853	-454	-16%	473	17%	22
SHASTA	1,968	2,325	1,833	-492	-27%	-135	-7%	25
SIERRA	36	47	28	-19	-68%	-8	-29%	57
SISKIYOU	503	601	464	-137	-30%	-39	-8%	44
SOLANO	3,211	3,995	3,073	-922	-30%	-138	-4%	19
SONOMA	3,495	4,155	2,916	-1,239	-42%	-579	-20%	21
STANISLAUS	5,471	7,152	5,573	-1,579	-28%	102	2%	12
SUTTER	1,101	1,674	1,038	-636	-61%	-63	-6%	32
TEHAMA	553	822	546	-276	-51%	-7	-1%	40
TRINITY	111	133	98	-35	-36%	-13	-13%	55
TULARE	4,530	7,507	4,973	-2,534	-51%	443	9%	16
TUOLUMNE	451	557	420	-137	-33%	-31	-7%	45
VENTURA	5,511	6,749	5,147	-1,602	-31%	-364	-7%	14
YOLO	1,387	1,879	1,296	-583	-45%	-91	-7%	29
YUBA	732	1,054	664	-390	-59%	-68	-10%	37
Unknown locations	7,148	8,943	6,676	-2,267	-34%	-472	-7%	....

MLS Notes:

- 1) The Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) program collects reports on mass layoff actions that result in workers being separated from their jobs.
- 2) Claims are defined as initial unemployment claims.
- 3) The MLS program began collecting all claims in 2007.
- 4) Data Source: EDD, Labor Market Information Division, Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) Program

Terms Defined:

Initial Claim (IC) is a notice filed by a claimant to request determination of entitlement to and eligibility for unemployment insurance compensation from an ex-employer.

All Initial Claims are total of all notices filed by claimants to request determination of entitlement to and eligibility for unemployment insurance compensation from ex-employers. The Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) program began collecting All Claims in 2007.

Contact Information:

The California Employment Development Department's (EDD) Labor Market Information Division (LMID) operates the MLS Program through a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

MLS data are available from the [U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics – MLS Program](#). Monthly and Quarterly data are available online from 1996 to present (not seasonally adjusted).

Further information about California MLS data is available online from 2005 second quarter (not seasonally adjusted) [California Labor Market Information – MLS Program](#).

State data may not match BLS published data due to the dynamic nature of state MLS databases. For all other questions contact Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, Mass Layoff Statistics, (916) 262-2162.